AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

1-10. (Cancelled)

11. (Previously Presented) A method for optimizing the location of an in-mold coating injection port in a mold so as to minimize the flow time for an in-mold coating composition to flow over at least a part of a molded article, said method comprising the steps of: predicting a coating composition fill pattern in said mold;

using said pattern to determine optimal placement of a coating injection nozzle so as to minimize the flow time for an in-mold coating composition to flow over at least a part of a molded article and to reduce the presence of surface defects of a coating formed from said in-mold coating composition;

placing said injection nozzle in said optimal placement position; and

using said method in conjunction with a method to minimize a cure time of the inmold coating composition;

wherein said step of predicting a coating composition fill pattern in said mold is performed by determining the relationship between a pressure in said mold and a flow rate of said coating composition by using a finite difference method comprising the steps of:

- a) defining a fixed spatial step to track a flow front location of the in mold coating composition,
- advancing the flow front location by one spatial step for a fixed time increment,
- obtaining the pressure and coating composition thickness distributions for said in mold coating, and
- d) repeating said steps until the in mold coating composition is complete.

- 12. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, wherein said method is encompassed in instructions contained in a computer readable medium.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, wherein the steps of predicting a fill pattern and determining optimal placement of said nozzle are performed by a computer.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 13, wherein data necessary for performing said steps is input into said computer by a user.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 13, wherein data necessary for performing said steps is automatically provided to said computer by an instrument taking differential scanning calorimetry measurements.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 15, wherein said data is stored in a data collection means associated with said instrument and then relayed to said computer.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, wherein said process minimizes the potential for surface defects in an in mold coating formed on a surface of said molded article.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, wherein said method is used for an in-mold coating process including at least filling, packing, and solidification phases.
 - 19. (Cancelled)

20. (Previously Presented) A method for optimizing the location of an in-mold coating injection port in a mold so as to minimize the flow time for an in-mold coating composition to flow over at least a part of a molded article, said method comprising the steps of:

predicting a coating composition fill pattern in said mold over at least a two dimensional surface;

using said pattern to determine optimal placement of a coating injection nozzle so as to minimize the flow time for an in-mold coating composition to flow over at least a part of a molded article and to reduce the presence of surface defects of a coating formed from said in-mold coating composition;

placing said injection nozzle in said optimal placement position; and

using said method in conjunction with a method to minimize a cure time of the inmold coating composition, wherein said step of predicting a coating composition fill pattern in said mold is performed by determining the following a) the relationship between a fluidity, S, of an in mold coating composition and a pressure gradient present in said mold, and b) the relationship between the coating thickness of the in mold coating composition and injection pressure.

- 21. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 20, wherein a finite element method combined with a control volume approach can be used to numerically determine said relationships.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 20, wherein said method is encompassed in instructions contained in a computer readable medium.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 20, wherein said steps of predicting a fill pattern and determining optimal placement of said nozzle are performed by a computer.
- (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 23, wherein data necessary for performing said steps is input into said computer by a user.

- 25. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 23, wherein data necessary for performing said steps is automatically provided to said computer by an instrument taking differential scanning calorimetry measurements.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method according to claims 25, wherein said stat is stored in a data collection means associated with said instrument and then relayed to said computer.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim [[10]], 20 wherein said process minimizes the potential for surface defects in an in mold coating formed on a surface of said molded article.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 20, wherein said method is used for an in-mold coating process including at least filling, packing, and solidification phases.
 - 29. (Cancelled)